

Paediatric Renal Tumours Histopathology Reporting Guide



B PPA 1965	
Family/Last name	Date of birth DD - MM - YYYY
Given name(s)	
Patient identifiers	Date of request Accession/Laboratory number
	DD - MM - YYYY
Elements in black text are CORE. Elements in grey text are limiting indicates multi-select values indicates single select values	SCOPE OF THIS DATASET
Protocol followed Children's Oncology Group (COG) International Society of Paediatric Oncology (SIOP) Not known PREVIOUS THERAPY Information not provided No previous chemotherapy administered Previous chemotherapy administered Clinical information guiding previous therapy, specify in available	SPECIMEN LATERALITY Not specified/Not applicable Left Right Other (e.g., horseshoe kidney, single kidney), specify SPECIMEN WEIGHT
OPERATIVE PROCEDURE	g Cannot be assessed
Not specifiedEnucleation	TUMOUR FOCALITY
Partial nephrectomy Total or radical nephrectomy Other, specify	Cannot be determined Unifocal Multifocal Specify number of tumours
	TUMOUR DIMENSIONS ^a
PREOPERATIVE RUPTURE OR INTRAOPERATIVE SPILLAGE	Greatest dimension
○ Not identified	Greatest differsion mm
☐ Identified☐ Cannot be determined, specify	Additional dimensions mm x mn
	Nodule 2
	Greatest dimension mm
ACCOMPANYING/ATTACHED STRUCTURES (select all that apply)	Additional dimensions mm x mn
○ Not submitted	Cannot be assessed, specify
Adrenal gland Other, specify	
	^a Specify for each nodule, or for the two nodules that determine the st and/or histologic classification.

(List overleaf or separately with an indication of the nature and origin of all tissue blocks)	(Value list based on the World Health Organization Classification of Paediatric Tumours (2023))
Cannot be determined Not identified Renal sinus vessel involvement by viable tumour with negative margin ^b Invasion of the wall of the ureter or collecting system outside of the kidney by viable tumour (but completely resected with negative margin) ^b More than minimal renal sinus soft tissue invasion present (but completely resected with negative margin) ^b Minimal renal sinus soft tissue invasion by viable tumour present (<5 mm in greatest dimension and >5 mm from a margin) ^c Criteria for local stage II by both COG and SIOP. C Allowed within local stage I by COG, considered stage II by SIOP. RENAL CAPSULE PENETRATION Cannot be assessed No viable tumour outside the renal capsule (including adrenal gland) that is not surrounded by a fibrous pseudocapsule,	Wilms tumour (nephroblastoma) Favourable histology Focal anaplasia Diffuse anaplasia Nephrogenic rest only (without Wilms tumour) Intralobar Perilobar Mesoblastic nephroma Cellular Classic Mixed Paediatric cystic nephroma Cystic partly differentiated nephroblastoma Metanephric stromal tumour Metanephric adenoma Metanephric adenoma Ossifiying renal tumour of infancy Clear cell sarcoma of the kidney Rhabdoid tumour of the kidney Anaplastic sarcoma of the kidney (DICER-1 associated) Other, specify
with negative margins ^d Viable tumour outside the renal capsule or within the adrenal gland that is surrounded by a fibrous pseudocapsule, with negative margins ^e d Supports local stage II by SIOP and COG.	POST-THERAPY HISTOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION OF
^e Supports local stage II for COG; allowed within local stage I for SIOP.	WILMS TUMOUR
PRIMARY TUMOUR EXCISED IN ONE PIECE	 Not applicable^h Low risk tumours Completely necrotic (100% necrosis although residual tubules from nephrogenic rests may be present)
 Cannot be assessed Tumour excised in one piece Tumour excised in more than one piece^f 	Intermediate risk tumours ○ Favourable histology, epithelial type (≤66% necrosis;
f Applicable only for COG staging, for which excision in more than one piece supports local stage III.	>66% of viable component epithelial and <10% blastema) Favourable histology stromal type (≤66% necrosis; >66% of viable component stromal and <10% blastemal)
NEPHROGENIC RESTS ⁹ Cannot be assessed Not identified Present (select all that apply) Intralobar	Favourable histology mixed type (≤66% necrosis with viable component containing at least two components, none of which comprise more than two thirds of the viable tumour, or tumours that are 10-66% blastemal) Favourable histology, regressive type (66-99% necrosis) Focal anaplasia (except blastemal type) ⁱ High risk tumours
Single	☐ Blastemal type (≤66% necrosis with >66% viable
Multiple	blastemal component)
	O Diffuse anaplasia ⁱ
Perilobar	
Perilobar Single Multiple Diffuse, hyperplastic	Diffuse anaplasia has not wilms tumour. Not post-therapy or not Wilms tumour. Focal and diffuse anaplasia are included in the post-therapy risk stratification by SIOP, but are treated by separate clinical protocols by COG.
Single Multiple	h Not post-therapy or not Wilms tumour. Focal and diffuse anaplasia are included in the post-therapy risk stratification by SIOP, but are treated by separate clinical protocols by

MARGIN STATUS	ANCILLARY STUDIES
Cannot be assessedNot involved	Not performedPerformed (select all that apply)
Distance of viable tumour from closest margin	Immunohistochemistry, specify test(s) and result(s)
Specify closest margin(s), if possible	
	☐ Molecular genetic testing, specify test(s) and result(s)
Involved by viable tumour ¹ (select all that apply) Renal vein margin Ureteral margin Inked soft tissue or parenchymal margin	
Other, specify	Other, record test(s), methodology and results
Involved by non-viable tumour (select all that apply) Renal vein margin ^j Ureteral margin ^j Inked soft tissue or parenchymal margin ^k	Representative blocks for ancillary studies, specify those blocks best representing tumour and/or normal tissue
Other, specify	for further study
Presence of viable or non-viable tumour in peritoneal or abdominal or pelvic nodules or implants ^j J Supports local stage III by both COG and SIOP. K Supports local stage III by COG, but not by SIOP. LYMPH NODE STATUS Cannot be assessed	HISTOLOGICALLY CONFIRMED DISTANT METASTASIS
No nodes submitted or found	○ Not applicable○ Not identified
Number of lymph nodes examined Not involved Involved (viable or non-viable tumour)	Present, specify site(s)
Number of involved lymph nodes	
Number cannot be determined	
Location of involved lymph nodes (select all that apply)	PATHOLOGICAL STAGING Pathologic staging system used
Regional Non-regional (outside the abdomino-pelvic region)	Children's Oncology Group (COG)International Society of Paediatric Oncology (SIOP)
COEXISTENT PATHOLOGY	Local stage (based on the data elements for each stage)
None identified Present, specify	 Local stage I All staging elements are consistent with local stage I, and none indicate local stages II or III
	 Local stage II Presence of any staging element supporting local stage II and no parameters for local stage III
	Cocal stage III Presence of any staging element for local stage III
	Local stage not determined