Carcinoma of the Bladder Histopathology Reporting Guide Cystectomy, Cystoprostatectomy and Diverticulectomy Specimen



Family/Last name	Date of birth DD - MM - YYYY
Given name(s)	
Patient identifiers	Date of request Accession/Laboratory number
Elements in black text are REQUIRED. Elements in grey text	
CLINICAL INFORMATION Previous history of urinary tract disease or distant metastasis (select all that apply) Information not provided Non-invasive papillary Invasion into lamina propria Other, specify CLINICAL INFORMATION No previous history Carcinoma in situ, flat Muscle invasive disease Other, specify Distant metastasis	Unifocal Multifocal Cannot be assessed, specify
Previous therapy (select all that apply) Information not provided No previous therapy Transurethral resection (TURBT) Bacillus Calmette-Guerin (BCG) Chemotherapy, intravesical, specify	MAXIMUM TUMOUR DIMENSION Cannot be assessed No macroscopically visible tumour Maximum tumour dimension (largest tumour) mm
☐ Chemotherapy, systemic ☐ Radiation therapy ☐ Other, specify ➡	Additional dimensions (largest tumour) mm X mm
Other clinical information, specify	MACROSCOPIC TUMOUR SITE (select all that apply) Indeterminate
OPERATIVE PROCEDURE Not specified Cystectomy, partial Cystectomy, simple Cystectomy, radical (female) Cystoprostatectomy (male) Diverticulectomy Anterior extenteration (female) Urethrectomy Lymphadenectomy Other, specify	No macroscopically visible tumour Trigone Right lateral wall Left lateral wall Anterior wall Posterior wall Dome Other, specify
ADDITIONAL SPECIMENS SUBMITTED (select all that apply) Not submitted Uterus Prostate gland Vaginal cuff Seminal vesicles Fallopian tubes Penile urethra Left Right Ovaries Left Right Laterality not specifi Ureter	Non-invasive tumour visible Invasion into bladder wall Invasion into perivesical tissue Involvement of peritoneal surface Involvement of other adjacent structures, specify ed
	BLOCK IDENTIFICATION KEY (List overleaf or separately with an indication of the nature and origin of all tissue blocks)

HISTOLOGICAL TUMOUR TYPE	MICROSCOPIC EXTENT OF INVASION (select all that apply)
(Value list from the WHO Classification of Tumours of the Urinary System and Male Genital Organs (2016))	Cannot be assessed
Urothelial carcinoma	No evidence of primary tumour
	☐ Non-invasive tumour present
Squamous cell carcinoma	☐ Tumour invades lamina propria
Adenocarcinoma Turnours of Müllerian trung	☐ Tumour invades muscularis propria
Tumours of Müllerian type	Tumour invades superficial muscularis propria
Clear cell carcinoma	(inner half)
○ Endometrioid carcinoma	☐ Tumour invades deep muscularis propria (outer half)
Neuroendocrine tumour	Tumour invades perivesical tissue
Small cell neuroendocrine carcinoma	Microscopically
Large cell neuroendocrine carcinoma	Macroscopically (extravesical mass)
Other, specify	Tumour involves adjacent structures
	Prostatic stroma
	Seminal vesicles
Histological sub-type/variant (urothelial carcinoma)	Uterus
Not identified	□ Vagina
Present, specify sub-type/variant and percentage	Adnexae
(select all that apply)	Pelvis wall
☐ Squamous ⇒ % ☐ Micropapillary ⇒ %	☐ Abdominal wall
	Rectum
☐ Glandular ⇒ % ☐ Plasmacytoid ⇒ %	Other, <i>specify</i>
Glandulal 90 Flashlacytoid 9%	V
☐ Nested ⇒ % ☐ Sarcomatoid ⇒ % ☐	
Other,	RESPONSE TO PRE-OPERATIVE THERAPY
⇒ %	Complete response (ypT0)
, ,	Incomplete response
	O No response
NON-INVASIVE CARCINOMA (select all that apply)	No prior treatment
Not identified Indeterminate	Cannot be assessed, explain reasons
	*
Carcinoma in situ, flat Focal Multifocal	
Papillary carcinoma, non-invasive	
Other, specify	
V other, speeny	LYMPHOVASCULAR INVASION
	Not identified Present Indeterminate
	Not identified Present Indeterminate
	MARGIN STATUS
ASSOCIATED EPITHELIAL LESIONS	Cannot be assessed
	Not involved
Present, specify Not identified	Involved
	Macroscopic, <i>specify</i>
HISTOLOGICAL TUMOUR GRADE	☐ Microscopic
Not applicable Cannot be determined Urothelial carcinoma	Invasive carcinoma (select all that apply) Urethral
Low-grade	☐ Ureteral, specify side
High-grade	Soft tissue
Other, specify	
	Other, specify
Saurana call aprainanta ay a dan a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	
Squamous cell carcinoma or adenocarcinoma	
GX: Cannot be assessed	 Carcinoma in situ/non-invasive high-grade ▼ urothelial carcinoma (select all that apply)
G1: Well differentiated	Urethral
G2: Moderately differentiated	Ureteral, specify side
G3: Poorly differentiated	□ Oreceral, specify side
Other, specify	Other specify
•	Other, specify

REGIONAL LYMPH NODE STATUS	PATHOLOGICAL STAGING (AJCC TNM 8th edition)##
No regional nodes submitted Not involved	TNM Descriptors (only if applicable) (select all that apply) median - multiple primary tumours
Number of lymph nodes examined	r - recurrent
Involved	y - post-therapy
Number of lymph nodes examined	Primary tumour (pT)
Number of positive lymph nodes	TX Primary tumour cannot be assessed
	To No evidence of primary tumour
Number cannot be determined	Ta Non-invasive papillary carcinoma Tis Urothelial carcinoma in situ: "flat tumour"
Extranodal spread	T1 Tumour invades lamina propria (subepithelial
Present Not identified	connective tissue)
Not identified	T2 Tumour invades muscularis propria
Size of largest metastasis mm	T2a Tumour invades superficial muscularis propria (inner half)
Location of involved lymph nodes, specify	T2b Tumour invades deep muscularis propria (outer half)
	T3 Tumour invades perivesical soft tissue
	 T3a Tumour invades perivesical soft tissue microscopically T3b Tumour invades perivesical soft tissue macroscopically
	(extravesical mass)
	T4 Extravesical tumour directly invades any of the following: prostatic stroma, seminal vesicles, uterus, vagina, pelvic wall, abdominal wall
COEXISTENT PATHOLOGY (select all that apply) None identified	T4a Extravesical tumour invades directly into prostatic stroma, uterus, vagina
Adenocarcinoma of prostate	T4b Extravesical tumour invades pelvic wall, abdominal wall
 Urothelial carcinoma involving urethra, prostatic ducts and acini with or without stromal invasion 	
Inflammation/regenerative changes	Regional lymph nodes (pN)
☐ Therapy-related changes	NX Lymph nodes cannot be assessed
Cystitis cystica et glandularis	No No lymph node metastasis
 ☐ Keratinizing squamous metaplasia ☐ Intestinal metaplasia 	 N1 Single regional lymph node metastasis in the true pelvis (perivesical, obturator, internal and external iliac, or sacral lymph node)
Other, specify	N2 Multiple regional lymph node metastasis in the true pelvis (perivesical, obturator, internal and external iliac, or sacral lymph node metastasis)
	N3 Lymph node metastasis to the common iliac lymph nodes
ANCILLARY STUDIES	## Hand with the assuming of the American College of Company
Not performed Performed, specify	## Used with the permission of the American College of Surgeons, Chicago, Illinois. The original source for this information is the AJCC Cancer Staging Manual, Eighth Edition (2016) published by Springer Science+Business Media.
UTOTOLOGICALLY CONFIDNED DISTANT METASTAGES RE	
HISTOLOGICALLY CONFIRMED DISTANT METASTASES	
Not identified	
Indeterminate	
Present, specify site(s)	