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Carcinomas of the Major Salivary Glands Histopathology Reporting Guide



Family/Last name

Date of birth

Given name(s)

Patient identifiers

Date of request

Accession/Laboratory number

Elements in **black text** are CORE. Elements in **grey text** are NON-CORE.

[SCOPE OF THIS DATASET](#)

OPERATIVE PROCEDURE (select all that apply)

- Not specified
- Biopsy (excisional, incisional), *specify*
- Resection, *specify*
- Neck (lymph node) dissection*, *specify*
- Other, *specify*

* *If a neck dissection is submitted, then a separate dataset is used to record the information.*

SPECIMENS SUBMITTED (select all that apply)

- Not specified
- Parotid gland
 - Superficial lobe only
 - Deep lobe only
 - Total parotid (superficial and deep lobe)
- Submandibular gland
- Sublingual gland
- Other (e.g. partial gland excision), *specify*

TUMOUR SITE (select all that apply)

- Cannot be assessed
- Parotid gland
 - Left Right Laterality not specified
 - Superficial lobe only
 - Left Right Laterality not specified
 - Deep lobe only
 - Left Right Laterality not specified
 - Total parotid (superficial and deep lobe)
 - Left Right Laterality not specified
- Submandibular gland
 - Left Right Laterality not specified
- Sublingual gland
 - Left Right Laterality not specified
- Other, *specify including laterality*

TUMOUR FOCALITY

- Unifocal
- Multifocal
 - Specify number of tumours in specimen*
- Cannot be assessed, *specify*

TUMOUR DIMENSIONS

Maximum tumour dimension (largest tumour)

mm

Additional dimensions (largest tumour)

mm x mm

- Cannot be assessed, *specify*

HISTOLOGICAL TUMOUR TYPE (select all that apply)

(Value list from the World Health Organization Classification of Head and Neck Tumours (2017))

- Acinic cell carcinoma
- Secretory carcinoma
- Mucoepidermoid carcinoma
 - Low grade Intermediate grade
 - High grade
- Adenoid cystic carcinoma
 - Tubular/cribriform pattern predominant
 - % of solid component, if any* %
 - Solid pattern
 - % of solid component, if any* %
- Polymorphous adenocarcinoma
 - Classic Cribriform
 - ↓
 - Grade, specify*

- Epithelial-myoepithelial carcinoma
- (Hyalinizing) Clear cell carcinoma
- Basal cell adenocarcinoma
- Sebaceous adenocarcinoma
- Myoepithelial carcinoma
- Intraductal carcinoma
 - Low grade
 - High grade
- Cystadenocarcinoma
 - Low grade
 - High grade
- Adenocarcinoma, not otherwise specified (NOS)
 - Low grade
 - Intermediate grade
 - High grade

Salivary duct carcinoma
 Variant(s), specify

Carcinoma ex pleomorphic adenoma
 Tumour type(s), specify

Intracapsular Minimally invasive
 Widely invasive

Distance from capsule mm

- Carcinosarcoma
- Poorly differentiated carcinoma: Neuroendocrine and non-neuroendocrine
 - Undifferentiated carcinoma
 - Large cell neuroendocrine carcinoma
 - Small cell neuroendocrine carcinoma

- Lymphoepithelial carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Oncocytic carcinoma
- Other, specify

Cannot be assessed, specify

HISTOLOGICAL TUMOUR GRADE

- Not applicable
 - High grade transformation
 - Cannot be assessed, specify
-

EXTENT OF INVASION (select all that apply)

- Not identified
 - Macroscopic extraparenchymal extension
 - Bone
 - Skin
 - Facial nerve
 - Other, specify
-
- Cannot be assessed, specify

PERINEURAL INVASION

- Not identified
- Present
 - ↓
 - Nerve size, if known mm
 - Location
 - Intratumoural
 - Extratumoural
 - Degree of extent
 - Focal
 - Extensive
- Cannot be assessed, specify

LYMPHOVASCULAR INVASION

- Not identified
- Present
- Cannot be assessed, specify

MARGIN STATUS

- Involved by carcinoma
 - ↓
 - Specify margin(s), if possible
- Not involved by carcinoma
 - ↓
 - Distance of tumour from closest margin mm
 - Distance not assessable
 - Specify closest margin, if possible
- Cannot be assessed, specify

COEXISTENT PATHOLOGY (select all that apply)

- None identified
- Sialadenitis
- Tumour associated lymphoid proliferation (TALP)
- Benign tumour(s), specify
- Other, specify

ANCILLARY STUDIES

- Not performed
 Performed, *specify*

PATHOLOGICAL STAGING (UICC TNM 8th edition)^{##}

TNM Descriptors (only if applicable) (select all that apply)

- m - multiple primary tumours
 r - recurrent
 y - post-therapy

Primary tumour (pT)^{**}

- TX Primary tumour cannot be assessed
 T0 No evidence of primary tumour
 Tis Carcinoma in situ
 T1 Tumour 2 cm or less in greatest dimension without extraparenchymal extension[^]
 T2 Tumour more than 2 cm but not more than 4 cm in greatest dimension without extraparenchymal extension[^]
 T3 Tumour more than 4 cm and/or tumour with extraparenchymal extension[^]
 T4a Moderately advanced local disease
Tumour invades skin, mandible, ear canal, and/or facial nerve
 T4b Very advanced local disease
Tumour invades base of skull and/or pterygoid plates, and/or encases carotid artery

[^] *Extraparenchymal extension is clinical or macroscopic evidence of invasion of soft tissues or nerve, except those listed under T4a and T4b. Microscopic evidence alone does not constitute extraparenchymal extension for classification purposes.*

^{**} *Note that the results of [lymph node/neck dissection](#) are derived from a separate dataset.*

^{##} Reproduced with permission. Source: UICC TNM Classification of Malignant Tumours, 8th Edition, eds James D. Brierley, Mary K. Gospodarowicz, Christian Wittekind. 2017, Publisher Wiley-Blackwell.